- ninety-six point three (196.3) of the Code shall be exempt from the provisions of this section." 11
- Section one hundred ninety-six point eighteen (196.18) Code 1962, is hereby amended by striking in line eight (8) the word 2 "second" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "third" 3
- Further amend said section by striking the word "third" in line nine (9) and inserting in lieu thereof the word "fourth". 4 5
- This Act being deemed of immediate importance shall be 1 2 in full force and effect from and after its passage and publication in 3 The Lamoni Chronicle, a newspaper published at Lamoni, Iowa, and in The Bloomfield Democrat, a newspaper published at Bloomfield, Iowa.

Approved June 4, 1965.

I hereby certify that the foregoing Act, Senate File 398, was published in The Lamoni Chronicle, Lamoni, Iowa, June 17, 1965, and in The Bloomfield Democrat, Bloomfield, Iowa, June 17, 1965. GARY L. CAMERON, Secretary of State.

CHAPTER 194

FERTILIZERS AND SOIL CONDITIONERS

S. F. 500

- AN ACT relating to the distribution of commercial fertilizer and soil conditioners, to provide for registration and examination of such materials, and regulation of their use and to promote safety in transporting, storing and handling of anhydrous ammonia.
- Be It Enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa:

Chapter two hundred (200), Code 1962, is hereby repealed and the following enacted in lieu thereof.

- SECTION 1. Title. This Act shall be known and may be cited by the short title of "Iowa Fertilizer Law." 2
- SEC. 2. Enforcing official. This Act shall be administered by the 1 2 secretary of agriculture, hereinafter referred to as the secretary.
- SEC. 3. Definitions of words and terms. When used in this Act: 1. The term "fertilizer" means any substance containing one or more recognized plant nutrient which is used for its plant nutrient 2 3 content and which is designed for use and claimed to have value in 4 promoting plant growth except unmanipulated animal and vegetable 5 manures or calcium and magnesium carbonate materials used primar-6 ily for correcting soil acidity.

 2. The term "fertilizer material" means any substance used as a 7

fertilizer or for compounding a fertilizer containing one or more of the 9 10 recognized plant nutrients which are used for promoting plant growth

11 or altering plant composition.

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3. The term "unmanipulated manures" means any substances com-

posed primarily of excreta, plant remains, or mixtures of such sub-13 stances which have not been processed in any manner. 14

4. The term "commercial fertilizer" includes fertilizer and fertilizer

materials and fertilizer-pesticide mixtures.

5. A "specialty fertilizer" is a commercial fertilizer distributed primarily for nonfarm use, such as home gardens, lawns, shrubbery, flowers, golf courses, municipal parks, cemeteries, greenhouses and nurseries, and may include commercial fertilizers used for research or experimental purposes.

6. The term "bulk fertilizer" shall mean commercial fertilizer delivered to the purchaser in the solid, liquid, or gaseous state, in a non-

packaged form to which a label cannot be attached.

7. The term "anhydrous ammonia" means the compound formed by the combination of two gaseous elements, nitrogen and hydrogen, in the proportion of one part nitrogen to three parts hydrogen by volume.

8. The term "pesticide" as used in this Act means insecticides, miticides, nemacides, fungicides, herbicides and any other substance used

in pest control.

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- 9. A "soil conditioner" is any substance which when added to the soil or applied to plants will produce a favorable growth, yield or quality of crop or soil flora or fauna or other soil characteristics, other than a fertilizer, recognized pesticide, unmanipulated animal and vegetable manures or calcium and magnesium carbonate materials used primarily for correcting soil acidity.
- 10. The term "brand" means a term, design, or trademark used in connection with one or several grades of commercial fertilizer.
- 11. The term "grade" means the percentages of total nitrogen, available phosphorus or P_2O_5 or both, and soluble potassium or K_2O or both stated in whole numbers in same terms, order and percentages as in the "guaranteed analysis".

12. Guaranteed analysis:

a. The term "guaranteed analysis" shall mean the minimum percentage of plant nutrients claimed and reported as Total Nitrogen (N), Available Phosphorus (P) or P₂O₅ or both, Soluble Potassium (K) or K_2O or both and in the following form:

Total Nitrogen (N) ______percent Available Phosphorus (P) or P_2O_5 or both _____percent Soluble Potassium (K) or K₂O or both..... $\underline{\hspace{0.1cm}}$ percent

Registration and guarantee of water soluble phosphorus (P) or (P_2O_5) shall be permitted.

b. The term "guaranteed analysis", in the form specified in para-

graph "a" includes:

(1) For unacidulated mineral phosphatic materials and basic slag, both total and available phosphorus or P₂O₅ or both and the degree of fineness. For bone tankage and other organic phosphatic materials, total phosphorus or P_2O_5 or both.

(2) When any additional plant nutrient elements contained in a substance as identified in subsection one (1) of this section, are claimed in writing, they shall be identified in the guarantee, expressed as the element, and shall be subject to inspection and analysis in accordance with the methods and regulations that may be prescribed

by the Association of Official Agricultural Chemists.

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- 13. The term "official sample" means any sample of commercial fer-65 66 tilizer taken by the secretary or his agent.
- 67 14. The term "ton" means a net weight of two thousand pounds 68 avoirdupois.
- 69 15. The term "percent or percentage" means the percentage by 70 weight.

16. The term "person" includes individual, partnership, association.

firm and corporation.

17. The term "distributor" means any person who imports, consigns, manufactures, produces, compounds, mixes, or blends commercial fertilizer, or who offers for sale, sells, barters, or otherwise distributes commercial fertilizer in this state.

18. The term "sell" or "sale" includes exchange.

19. Words importing the singular number may extend and be ap-78 79 plied to several persons or things, and words importing the plural number may include the singular. 80

SEC. 4. Licenses.

1. Any person who manufactures, mixes, blends, or mixes to customers order any fertilizer or soil conditioner offered for sale, sold, or distributed in Iowa must first obtain a license from the secretary of agriculture and shall pay a ten-dollar license fee for each plant or place of manufacture, from which fertilizer or soil conditioner products are sold or distributed in Iowa. Such license fee shall be paid annually on July 1 of each year and the manufacturer, blender or mixer shall at the same time, list the name and address of each such plant or place of manufacture, from which sale or distribution is made.

2. Said licensee shall at all times produce an intimate and uniform mixture of fertilizers or soil conditioners. When two or more fertilizer materials are delivered in the same load, they shall be thoroughly and

uniformly mixed unless they are in separate compartments.

Registration.

- 1. Each brand and grade of commercial fertilizer and each soil conditioner shall be registered before being offered for sale, sold or otherwise distributed in this state; except that a commercial fertilizer formulated according to special specifications furnished by a consumer to fill his order shall not be required to be registered, but shall be labeled as provided in subsection three (3) of section six (6). The application for registration shall be submitted to the secretary on forms furnished by the secretary and shall be accompanied by a label setting forth the guaranteed analysis which shall be the same as that appearing on the registered product.
- 12 2. All registration will be permanent, provided, however, that the 13 secretary may request a listing of products to be currently manufactured. The application shall include the following information in the 14 15

following order:

- a. Net weight, if sold in packaged form. b. Name and address of the registrant.
- 18 c. Name of product.
 - d. Brand.
- e. Grade. 20
- f. Guaranteed analysis. 21

3. In addition to the information required in subsection two (2) of this section, applications for registration of soil conditioners must include the name or chemical designation and percentage of content of each of the active ingredients.

4. The secretary is authorized, after public hearing, following due notice, to adopt rules and regulations regulating the labeling and registration of specialty fertilizers and other fertilizer products, when necessary in his opinion. He may require any reasonable information in addition to subsection twelve (12) of section three (3), which is necessary and useful to the purchasers of specialty fertilizers of this state and to promote uniformity among states.

5. The secretary is authorized after public hearing, following due notice, to establish minimum acceptable levels of trace and secondary elements recognized as effective to aid crops produced in Iowa and to require such warning statements as may be deemed necessary to pre-

vent injury to crops.

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6. The secretary, whenever he deems it necessary in the administration of this Act, may require the submission of additional data about any fertilizer or product to support the claims made for it. If it appears to the secretary that the composition of the article is such as to warrant the claims made for it, and if the article, its labeling and other material required to be submitted, comply with the requirements of this Act, he shall register the product.

7. If it does not appear to the secretary that the article is such as to warrant the proposed claims for it, or if the article and its labeling and other material required to be submitted does not comply with the provision of this Act, he shall notify the registrant of the manner in which the article, labeling, or other material required to be submitted fails to comply with this Act so as to afford the registrant an opportunity to make the necessary corrections before resubmitting the label.

8. It shall be the responsibility of the registrant to submit satisfactory evidence of favorable effects and safety of the product.

9. A distributor shall not be required to register any brand and grade of commercial fertilizer which is already registered under this Act by another person.

SEC. 6. Labeling.

1. Any commercial fertilizer offered for sale or sold or distributed in this state in bags, or other containers, shall have placed on or affixed to the container in legibly written or printed form, the information required by subsection two (2) of section five (5); either on tags affixed to the end of the package or directly on the package.

2. If distributed in bulk, the shipment must be accompanied by a written or printed statement giving the purchaser's name and address in addition to the labeling requirement set forth in subsection two (2)

of section five (5).

3. A commercial fertilizer formulated according to specifications which are furnished by a consumer prior to mixing shall be labeled to show the net weight, guaranteed analysis, and the name and address of the distributor and may show the net weight and guaranteed analysis of each of the fertilizer materials or soil conditioners used. It is the responsibility of the distributor to mix these materials uniformly

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- 17 and intimately so that when sampled in the prescribed manner the 18 resulting analysis would meet the guarantee.
 - 4. All bulk bins or intermediate storage of bulk commercial fertilizer where being offered for sale or distributed direct to the consumer shall be labeled showing brand, name and grade of product.
 - 5. All fertilizers distributed or stored in bulk, unless in the manufacturers authorized containers shall be labeled as the responsibility of the possessor.
 - 6. Soil conditioners shall be labeled in accordance with subsection one (1) of this section and in addition shall show the name or chemical designation and content or the active ingredients.
- SEC. 7. Fertilizer-pesticide mixture. Only those persons, licensed 2 under section four (4) of this Act shall be permitted to add pesticides 3 to commercial fertilizers. These persons shall at all times produce a 4 uniform mixture of fertilizer and pesticide and shall register and label 5 their product in compliance with both the Iowa Pesticide Act and this 6 Act.

SEC. 8. Inspection fees.

1. There shall be paid by the licensee to the secretary for all commercial fertilizers and soil conditioners sold, or distributed in this state, an inspection fee to be fixed annually by the secretary of agriculture at not more than twenty cents per ton: Except sales for manufacturing purposes only are hereby exempted from fees but must still be reported showing manufacturer who purchased same. Payment of said inspection fee by any licensee shall exempt all other persons, firms or corporations from the payment thereof.

On individual packages of commercial fertilizer containing twentyfive pounds or less there shall be paid a tonnage inspection fee of not less than twenty-five dollars for each product registered, for each six-

month period of registration.

2. Every licensee under this Act in this state shall:

a. File not later than the last day of January and July of each year, on forms furnished by secretary, a semiannual statement setting forth the number of net tons of commercial fertilizer or soil conditioners distributed in this state by grade for each county during the preceding six months period; and upon filing such statement shall pay the inspection fee at the rate stated in subsection one (1) of this section.

b. If the tonnage report is not filed and the payment of inspection fees is not made within ten days after the date due, a penalty amounting to ten percent, minimum fifty dollars, of the amount due shall be assessed against the licensee and the amount of fees due plus penalty shall constitute a debt and become the basis of a judgment against the licensee.

SEC. 9. Fertilizer fund. Fees collected for licenses and inspection fees under sections four (4) and eight (8) shall be deposited in the treasury to the credit of the fertilizer fund to be used only by the department of agriculture for the purpose of inspection, sampling, analysis, preparation and publishing of reports and other expenses necessary for administration of this Act. The secretary may assign moneys to the Iowa agricultural experiment station for research, work projects, investigations as may be needed for the specific purpose of improving the regulatory functions for enforcement of this Act.

SEC. 10. Inspection, sampling and analysis.

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1. It shall be the duty of the secretary, who may act through his authorized agent, to sample, inspect, make analysis of, and test commercial fertilizers or soil conditioners distributed within this state at time and place and to such an extent as he may deem necessary, to determine whether such commercial fertilizers and soil conditioners are in compliance with the provisions of this Act. In the performance of the foregoing duty, the secretary shall counsel with the director of the Iowa agricultural experimental station in respect to the time, place and extent of sampling. The secretary individually or through his agent, is authorized to enter upon any public or private premises or conveyances during regular business hours in order to have access to commercial fertilizers or soil conditioners subject to the provisions of this Act and the rules and regulations pertaining thereto. It shall be the duty of the secretary to maintain a laboratory with the necessary equipment and to employ such employees as may be necessary to aid in the administration and enforcement of this Act.

2. The methods of sampling and analysis shall be the official methods of the association of official agricultural chemsits in all cases

where methods have been adopted by the association.

The findings of the state chemist or his deputy, as shown by the sworn statement of the results of analysis of official samples of any brand and grade of commercial fertilizer, fertilizer material or soil conditioner, shall constitute prima-facie evidence of their correctness in the courts of this state, as to the particular lots sampled and analyzed.

3. The secretary, in determining for administrative purposes whether any commercial fertilizer is deficient in plant food, or soil conditioner deficient in guaranteed active ingredients, shall be guided by the official sample as defined in subsection thirteen (13) of section three (3), and obtained and analyzed as provided for in subsection two (2) of section ten (10).

4. The results of official analysis of any commercial fertilizer or soil conditioner which has been found to be in violation of any provision of this Act, shall be forwarded by the secretary to the registrant. Upon request, the secretary shall furnish to the registrant a portion of any sample.

- SEC. 11. Filler material. It shall be unlawful for any person to manufacture, offer for sale or sell in this state, any commercial fertilizer, or soil conditioner containing any substance used as a filler that is injurious to crop growth or deleterious to the soil, or to use in such commercial fertilizer, or soil conditioner as a filler any substance that contains inert or useless plant food material for the purpose or with the effect of deceiving or defrauding the purchaser.
- SEC. 12. False or misleading statements. A commercial fertilizer or soil conditioner is misbranded if it does not identify substances promoting plant growth as defined in subsection one (1) of section three (3), or if it carries any false or misleading statement upon or attached to the container or stated on the invoice or delivery ticket, or

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6 if the container or on the invoice or delivery ticket or in any advertis-7 ing matter whatsoever connected with, accompanying or associated 8 with the commercial fertilizer or soil conditioner. Further, the burden 9 of proof of the desirable effect of the product on plant growth shall be 10 the responsibility of the registrant.

SEC. 13. Reports and publications. The secretary shall publish at least annually, in such forms as he may deem proper, information concerning the sales of commercial fertilizers, together with such data on their production and use as he may consider advisable. The secretary shall report semiannually the results of the analysis based on official samples taken of commercial fertilizers sold within the state as compared with the analyses guaranteed under section five (5) and section six (6) together with name and address of the manufacturer or distributor of such commercial fertilizer at the time the official sample was taken. A copy of this semiannual report will be mailed by the secretary to each corresponding county extension director in the state.

SEC. 14. Rules and regulations.

1. The secretary is authorized, after public hearing, following due notice, to adopt rules and regulations setting forth minimum general safety standards for the design, construction, location, installation and operation of equipment for storage, handling, transportation by tank truck or tank trailer, and utilization of anhydrous ammonia. The rules and regulations shall be such as are reasonably necessary for the protection and safety of the public and persons using anhydrous ammonia, and shall be in substantial conformity with the generally accepted standards of safety.

It is hereby declared that rules and regulations in substantial conformity with the published standards of the agricultural ammonia institute for the design, installation and construction of containers and pertinent equipment for the storage and handling of anhydrous ammonia, shall be deemed to be in substantial conformity with the generally accepted standards of safety.

All anhydrous ammonia equipment shall be installed and maintained in a safe operating condition and in conformity with the rules and regulations of the secretary of agriculture. No person, firm or corporation, other than the owner and those authorized by the owner to do so, shall sell, fill, refill, deliver or permit to be delivered, or use in any manner any anhydrous ammonia container or receptacle for any gas, compound for any other purpose whatsoever.

2. The secretary is hereby charged with the enforcement of this

2. The secretary is hereby charged with the enforcement of this Act, and after due publicity and due public hearing, is empowered to promulgate and adopt such reasonable rules and regulations as may be necessary in order to carry into effect the purpose and intent of this Act or to secure the efficient administration thereof.

3. All rules and regulations authorized under sections one (1) and two (2) shall be approved by the legislative committee on administrative rules before becoming effective.

4. Nothing in this Act shall prohibit the use of storage tanks smaller than transporting tanks nor the transfer of all kinds of fertilizer including anhydrous ammonia directly from transporting tanks to implements of husbandry, if proper safety precautions are observed.

SEC. 15. Refusal to register, or cancellation of registration and licenses.

The secretary is authorized and empowered to cancel the registration of any product of commercial fertilizer or soil conditioner or license or to refuse to register any product of commercial fertilizer or soil conditioner or refuse to license any applicant as herein provided, upon satisfactory evidence that the registrant or licensee has used fraudulent or deceptive practices or who willfully violates any provisions of this Act or any rules and regulations promulgated thereunder: Except no registration or license shall be revoked or refused until the registrant or licensee shall have been given the opportunity to appear for a hearing by the secretary.

SEC. 16. "Stop sale" orders. The secretary may issue and enforce a written or printed "stop sale, use or removal" order to the owner or custodian of any lot of commercial fertilizer or soil conditioner, and to hold at a designated place when the secretary finds said commercial fertilizer or soil conditioner is being offered or exposed for sale in violation of any of the provisions of this Act or any of the rules and regulations promulgated hereunder until the law has been complied with and said commercial fertilizer or soil conditioner is released in writing by the secretary or said violation has been otherwise legally disposed of by written authority, and all costs and expenses incurred in connection with the withdrawal have been paid.

SEC. 17. Seizure, condemnation, and sale. Any lot of commercial fertilizer or soil conditioner not in compliance with the provisions of this Act shall be subject to seizure on complaint of the secretary to a court of competent jurisdiction in the county or adjoining county in which said commercial fertilizer or soil conditioner is located. In the event the court finds the said commercial fertilizer or soil conditioner to be in violation of this Act and orders the condemnation of said commercial fertilizer or soil conditioner, it shall be disposed of in any manner consistent with the quality of the commercial fertilizer or soil conditioner and the laws of the state: Except in no instance shall the disposition of said commercial fertilizer or soil conditioner be ordered by the court without first giving the claimant an opportunity to apply to the court for release of said commercial fertilizer or soil conditioner or for permission to reprocess or relabel said commercial fertilizer or soil conditioner to bring it into compliance with this Act.

SEC. 18. Violations.

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1. If it shall appear from the examination of any commercial fertilizer or soil conditioner or any anhydrous ammonia installation, equipment, or operation that any of the provisions of this Act or the rules and regulations issued thereunder have been violated, the secretary shall cause notice of the violations to be given to the registrant, distributor, or possessor from whom said sample was taken; any person so notified shall be given opportunity to be heard under such rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the secretary. If it appears after such hearing, either in the presence or absence of the person so notified, that any of the provisions of this Act or rules and regulations issued thereunder have been violated, the secretary may certify the facts to the proper prosecuting attorney.

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2. Any person convicted of violating any provision of this Act or the rules and regulations issued thereunder shall be punished by a fine of not less than one hundred dollars nor more than two hundred and fifty dollars.

3. Nothing in this Act shall be construed as requiring the secretary or his representative to report for prosecution or for the institution of seizure proceedings minor violations of the Act when he believes that the public interest will be best served by a suitable notice of warning in writing.

4. It shall be the duty of each county attorney to whom any violation is reported, to cause appropriate proceedings to be instituted and

prosecuted in a court of competent jurisdiction without delay.

5. The secretary is hereby authorized to apply for and the court to grant a temporary or permanent injunction restraining any person from violating or continuing to violate any of the provisions of this Act or any rule or regulation promulgated under the Act notwithstanding the existence of other remedies at law, said injunction to be issued without bond.

SEC. 19. Exchanges between manufacturers. Nothing in this Act shall be construed to restrict or avoid sales or exchanges of commercial fertilizers or soil conditioners to each other by importers, manufacturers, or manipulators who mix fertilizer materials for sale or as preventing the free and unrestricted shipments of commercial fertilizer or soil conditioner to manufacturers or manipulators who have registered their brands as required by the provisions of this Act.

Approved May 14, 1965.

CHAPTER 195 NARCOTIC DRUGS

S. F. 330

AN ACT relating to and defining narcotic drugs and to make uniform the law with reference thereto.

Be It Enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa:

- 1 Chapter two hundred four (204), Code 1962, is hereby repealed and 2 the following enacted in lieu thereof:
- SECTION 1. The following words and phrases, as used in this Act, shall have the following meanings, unless the context otherwise requires:

1. "Person" means an individual, partnership, corporation, associa-

5 tion, trust, or other institution or entity.

2. "Medical practitioner" means a physician, dentist, veterinary* or any other person authorized by law to treat sick and injured human beings or animals in this state and to use narcotic drugs in such treatment.

^{*}According to enrolled Act.